Condition of COUNTRY

FISHERIES

Conservation

Habitat

NOAA

NOAA Fisheries Requirements & Ocean Exploration Campaigns

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NOAA Fisheries Requirements: U.S. Fisheries Management



- New approaches to stock assessment
 - Visual technologies especially in untrawlable habitats
 - Deepwater species (e.g., precious corals)
- Essential Fish Habitat (EFH)
 - Identifying & mapping deepwater habitats
 - Understanding fish-habitat interactions
 - Understanding fishing impacts
- Mapping & research to protect deepwater biogenic habitats



NOAA Fisheries Requirements: Monument Management





- Two Marine National Monuments:
 - Pacific Remote Islands Marine National Monument (with USFWS & DoD)
 - Marianas Trench Marine National Monument (with USFWS)
- Deeper waters poorly explored
- Research on near-pristine ecosystems



NOAA Fisheries Requirements: International Partnerships





- Regional Fishery Management Organizations
 - Manage high seas fisheries
 - Identify & protect Vulnerable Marine Ecosystems (VMEs) from "significant adverse impacts"

Biodiversity Beyond National Jurisdiction

Research Partnerships – e.g., EU & New Zealand

NOAA Fisheries Requirements:

Deep Sea Coral Research & Technology Program *Mission: Sound science to conserve and manage vulnerable deepwater ecosystems*

- Magnuson-Stevens Fisheries Conservation and Management Act 2006
 - Sec. 408: Deep Sea Coral Research and Technology Program
 - Sec. 303(b)(2): New discretionary authority to protect deep-sea coral areas identified by the Program from damage by fishing gear
- \$2.4 million in FY 2016
- Collaboration among NMFS, NOS, OAR and NESDIS



Our Research





West Coast: 2010 - 2012

- Fieldwork off the West Coast supports Pacific Fishery Management Council actions and marine sanctuary needs.
- Using cutting-edge technology, scientists found coral and sponge habitats and documented their associations with fish.



Pacific Islands: 2015 - 2017

• Fieldwork in this largely unexplored region will identify locations of deep-sea coral and sponge communities and determine the factors that affect their distribution.



Alaska: 2012 – 2014

• Fieldwork in Alaska to study the distribution, abundance, and diversity of corals and sponges is designed in consultation with the North Pacific Fishery Management Council.

Nationwide Investment

The Deep Sea Coral Research and Technology Program is the nation's resource for information on deep-sea coral and sponge ecosystems.

- Three-year field research efforts in each U.S. region
- Targeted analyses on:
 - Existing information about deep-sea coral ecosystems.
 - The distribution and intensity of fishing activities that may damage deep-sea corals in federal waters.
 - Coral and sponge bycatch in fisheries.

Southeast: 2009 – 2011

- Research cruises using sonar technology, remotely operated and manned submersibles discovered new deep-sea coral reefs.
- Research findings help the South Atlantic Fishery Management Council delineate fishing zones and protected areas.



NOAA Habitat Conservation www.habitat.noaa.gov



Northeast: 2013 – 2015

• Fieldwork focuses on underwater canyons, seamounts, and other key areas of interest to the New England and Mid-Atlantic Fishery Management Councils.

Ocean Exploration Partnership: Northeast U.S. (2012 – 2015)





- OE/Coast Survey Multibeam
 mapping
- Okeanos Explorer ROV cruises
- Deep Sea Coral Program
 - Coral habitat predictive models
 - WHOI TowCAM Canyon surveys





Mid-Atlantic Council Deep Sea Coral Amendment

- Discrete Coral Zones: 15 canyons
 & inter-canyon areas protected
- Broad Coral Zone

NOAA FISHERIES

- > 450 m deep protected
- "Freeze the footprint" of bottomcontact fishing
- Total ~ 38,000 sq. miles protected



Canyon and seamount coral zones

Map created April 6, 2016 Projection WGS 1984 UTM Zone 19N NEFMC Habitat Plan Development Team



Pacific Islands: CAPSTONE (2014-17)





- 'Seamless' cross-program planning
- New approaches
 - First Ökeanos sampling
 - Systematic surveys & deployment of new sensors
- First surveys of Monuments
- Information informs high seas management







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Challenges

- Mismatch in target depths

 - Deepwater fisheries
 Principle range 200 1000m,
 U.S. Max ~ 1200m; High seas ~ 2000m
 - Cobalt crusts 800 2200m
- Mismatch in survey vs. management areas
 - ROV surveys < 1 km
 - Management zones 10-100s km²
- Need for products in addition to video
 - Samples
 - Quantitative measures of density





Opportunities

- Strong commonalities
 - Multibeam surveys basis for most subsequent work
 - Understanding begins with exploration
- Access & application of technologies
 - Vessel coordination
 - Tandem ROV/AUV surveys
 - New sampling approaches (e.g., E-DNA)
- Developing common products
 - Deep-sea animal guides
 - Consistent habitat classification (e.g., CMECS)







Extra Slides





Deep-Sea Initiatives

- EU Deep-Sea Initiatives
 - ATLAS: A Trans-Atlantic assessment & deep-water ecosystem-based management plan
 - SponGES: Deep-sea Sponge Grounds Ecosystems of the North Atlantic: an integrated approach towards their preservation and sustainable exploitation
- U.S./New Zealand Collaboration
 - VMEs in the southwest Pacific

NOAA's Strategic Approach

NOAA Strategic Plan for Deep-Sea Coral and Sponge Ecosystems

Research, Management, and International Cooperation

Improve understanding, conservation, and management of deep-sea coral and sponge ecosystems

- Exploration & Research
- Conservation & Management
- International Cooperation

Research & Management

NOAA Strategic Plan for Deep-Sea Coral and Sponge Ecosystems

Research, Management, and International Cooperation

NOAA's Deep-Sea Coral Research and Management Activities

Deep Sea Coral Research and Technology Program Fieldwork • EFH and HAPC

- Precious coral FMP
- Bycatch reduction
- Deep-sea coral protection zones
- National Ocean Policy
- National Marine Sanctuaries
- Monuments
- More...

Regional Field Research

- Three to four-year initiatives ~ \$800 K year
 - ~ 400K Ramp-up (2016)
 - ~ \$750 \$800K per year (2017 2019)
- Management relevant informs:
 - Regional Fishery Management Councils
 - Other management decisions
- Builds on existing data and partnerships
- Complements or leverages partner

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Potential NOAA/BOEM/USGS Research Partnership 2017-2019

- Mid- & South Atlantic Regions
- Builds on NOAA/BOEM &
 USGS collaborations in Gulf
 of Mexico & Mid Atlantic
- Initial NOAA research cruise
 in late FY 16

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